

(400 Marks)

**I. VOCABULARY (60 Marks)**

60

**A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d. (5X6=30)**

1. We have to .....the consumption of water which is irresponsibly wasted.  
a. concur  
b. curtail  
c. decimate  
d. erode
2. Before making any decision, you should think carefully and be fully .....of the consequences.  
a. aware  
b. arid  
c. acute  
d. disgruntled
3. After two years of complaints about their low salaries, the workers' ..... were finally settled.  
a. supporters  
b. minorities  
c. grievances  
d. ethnographers
4. Many Kuwaitis are proud of their useful engagement in .....social work during the summer.  
a. carnivorous  
b. aggressive  
c. illegitimate  
d. voluntary
5. Hassan is obliged to .....his employer's bad temper so that he shouldn't be unfairly dismissed.  
a. trespass on  
b. put up with  
c. wash away  
d. cut down on

**B. Fill in the spaces with words from the list below: (5X6=30)**

**perturbed / productive / injected / duration / commercially / aftermath**

6. The film didn't achieve its expected profits ..... However, it touched the values our children need.
7. The lecturer's presentation was of short .....but it was quite interesting and useful.
8. We were .....to hear of the tornado which struck parts of the USA; many people are still missing.
9. My son had severe fever yesterday. At the doctor's orders, the nurse ..... his weak arm with medicine twice.
10. Careful choice of friends and ..... use of time are amongst the principles our parents taught us in our childhood.

**II. GRAMMAR (40 Marks)**

40

**A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d. (5X4=20)**

11. He has been taking courses in English literature ..... he joined the British Embassy.

- a. for  
b. ago  
c. since  
d. yet

12. .... that soccer player was not fit, he could score a fantastic goal.

- a. In spite of  
b. Despite  
c. But  
d. Although

13. My grandmother prefers watching the plays ..... are full of tears and laughter.

- a. who  
b. which  
c. whose  
d. how

11. Mr. Salim is working for a TV channel. He is on air ..... the moment.

- a. at  
b. of  
c. on  
d. in

12. Some students like to wear regular clothes ..... the school uniform.

- a. instead of  
b. while  
c. because  
d. whereas

**B. Correct the mistakes in the following sentences: (4X5=20)**

16. If you <sup>(1)</sup> **take** care of your children, they would have been more <sup>(2)</sup> **confidently**.

- 1- .....  
2- .....

17. This child is quite keen on <sup>(1)</sup> **borrow** stories and summarizing <sup>(2)</sup> **it** in simple English.

- 1- .....  
2- .....

**III. LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS (50 Marks)**

50

**Write what you would say in the following situations : ( 5X10=50)**

18. Your brother's project was rejected by his boss.

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19. Your friend is fond of buying organic food.

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20. Your room reservation in the hotel was cancelled without prior notice.

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21. Your sister doesn't know how to register for the university online.

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22. One of your classmates is complaining about his bad mark in Maths.

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**IV. SET BOOK (40 Marks)**

40

**A) Answer only (Three) questions of the following: (3x10 =30)**

23. Wise people should reject the spread of the culture of blame in the society. Explain.

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24. In what way do you see migration from one country to another as a problem?

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25. If the environment could speak, what do you think it would tell us?

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26. Would you like to work for an organization that protects endangered species?  
Why? Why not?

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.....

**LITERATURE TIME**

**B) Answer only (One) question of the following: (1x10 =10)**

27. In your opinion, what are the qualities or characteristics that make people great leaders?

.....



28. A king cannot enjoy himself like common men. Why?

.....



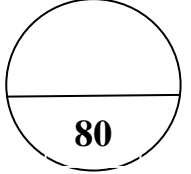
**V- Writing ( 80 Marks )**

**Attempt the following topic:**

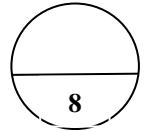
*"Good people do not need laws to tell them to act responsibly, while bad ones will find a way around the laws."*

In (14 sentences – 160 words), plan and **write a report** about the value of respecting law making use of the following main ideas:

- The purpose of following law; its importance.
- The effect of enforcing law in society.
- The consequences of breaking the law.



**(Write your outline here) (8 Marks)**



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### VI- Reading Comprehension (100 Marks )

**Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:**

Today, clocks and watches divide time into hours, minutes and seconds. However, the first clocks measured hours only.

Ancient people noticed that the sun crossed the sky each day. It made shadows of different lengths on the ground. About 3500 BCE, the Egyptians built tall four-sided stone towers to tell time. These towers were called obelisks. Later, smaller versions called sundials were used throughout the ancient world. Sundials and obelisks cast shadow on the ground. People used the length of the shadow to tell the hour. Sundials and obelisks do not work at night.

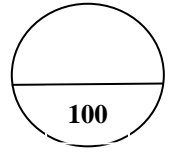
Water clocks told time both day and night. They measured time by how long it took a stream of water to fill a jug. Water clocks had problems, too. In cold areas, the water froze. In warm areas, **it** evaporated. Ancient water clocks lacked accuracy until the Greeks and Romans advanced the design to include an early feedback system. Water clocks didn't have an indicator such as hands as they are typically used today.

In about 1582, the Italian astronomer Galileo developed the idea of pendulum, or swinging weight. He timed the swinging arms of a candle **chandelier** hanging from the ceiling. He realised that the time it took to swing from one side to another was always the same. A Dutch astronomer named Christiaan Huygens used this idea to build a pendulum clock in 1656.

Over time, clocks became smaller and more accurate. By the 1800s, many clocks ran on batteries. Later, they used alternating current electricity. During the early 1800s, towns and cities kept their own time. This caused problems when railways began to grow. Passengers had to reset their watches often because each town clock was slightly different.

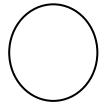
Great Britain was the first country to adopt standard time. By 1852 most British clocks were set to the time in Greenwich, London. The United States and Canada were too big to use a single time for every town. In 1882 Canadian inventor Standford Fleming, who worked for the Canadian railway, had an idea. He suggested that the world be divided into 24 equal time zones. Each zone would be one hour different from those on their side.

In 1884 a conference was held in Washington, D.C., USA. People from all over the world attended. They agreed to Fleming's plan. They chose Greenwich as the place where the standard time begins each day. Today, this standard time is universally used.



**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:(5x10=50 marks)**

1. The main idea of the passage is about .....
  - a. modern clocks and watches
  - b. ways to tell time
  - c. time zone changes
  - d. worldwide time systems
  
2. The underlined word (**it**) in paragraph (3) refers to .....
  - a. a stream
  - b. a jug
  - c. the design
  - d. the water
  
3. The word (**chandelier**) in paragraph (4) is closest in meaning to .....
  - a. light
  - b. arm
  - c. pendulum
  - d. fan
  
4. It can be understood from the passage that .....
  - a. Huygens invented water clocks.
  - b. Galileo influenced other scientists.
  - c. Sundials measured hours and minutes.
  - d. Clocks were smaller than they are now.
  
5. To measure time, Ancient Egyptians .....
  - a. invented electric clocks
  - b. used batteries
  - c. built obelisks
  - d. designed time zones



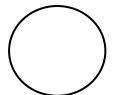
**B) Answer the following questions:(4x7½=30 marks)**

6. Why weren't obelisks and sundials a good way to tell time?

.....  
 .....

7. What was the invention of Huygens' pendulum clock based on?

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8. Why did train passengers reset their watches frequently?

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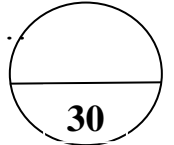
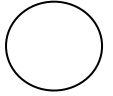
9. Why couldn't the USA and Canada use a single time for every town?

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**C) Summary-making:(20 marks)**

-With reference to paragraph (3) and in not less than 4 sentences of your own, write down the problems of water clocks.

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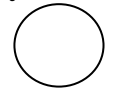


**VII. Translation ( 30 Marks )**

**A: With reference to the last paragraph of the reading passage, translate the following into good Arabic: (20 Marks)**

In 1884 a conference was held in Washington, USA. People from all over the world attended. They agreed to Fleming's plan. They chose Greenwich as the place where the standard time begins each day. Today, this standard time is universally used.

.....  
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**B: Translate the following into good English: (10 Marks)**

علي: إن معظم الثقافات تقريباً من أبسطها إلى أكثرها تعقيداً تشترك في قيم أساسية عديدة.

Ali: .....

أحمد: نعم. هذا صحيح. وإحدى هذه القيم هي حرية الفرد التي يجب أن تراعي احتياجات المجتمع ككل.

Ahmed: .....

**End of Exam  
Good Luck**

